30.—Capital, Repair and Maintenance Expenditure by the Manufacturing Industries, by Province and Industrial Group, 1951 and 1952, with Totals for 1944-52—concluded.

| | Capital To Capital | | | Repair and Maintenance Expenditure | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| Year, Province and Industrial Group | Con- struction | Expenditure Machinery and Equipment | Total | Con- struction | Machin- ery and Equip- ment | Total |
| 1951—concluded INDUSTRIAL GROUP | \$'000,000 | \$'000,000 | \$'000,000 | \$'000,000 | \$'000,000 | \$'000,000 |
| Food and beverages. Tobacco and tobacco products. Rubber products. Leather products. Leather products (except clothing). Clothing (textile and fur). Wood products. Paper products. Printing, publishing and allied trades. Iron and steel products. Transportation equipment. Non-ferrous metal products. Electrical apparatus and supplies. Non-metallic mineral products. Products of petroleum and coal. Chemicals and allied products. Miscellaneous. Capital items charged to operating | 28·0 0·5 2·0 0·9 9·9 4·1 11·2 41·7 6·3 47·1 21·8 12·4 16·3 11·5 21·7 19·2 3·0 | 51·1 1·7 5·9 29·2 9·2 27·4 83·2 18·0 15·6 18·9 37·3 4·4 | 79-1 2-2 7-9 2-8 39-1 13-2 38-6 124-9 24-3 97-2 48-4 31-9 48-4 310-4 59-0 7-7 | 11-8 0-4 0-9 0-6 4-0 1-4 7-7 9-7 13-0 6-9 2-2 4-7 8-3 4-0 | 34·3 1·3 5·5 2·1 16·7 24·5 69·0 4·6 58·9 21·5 8·8 11·4 8·8 24·8 3·0 | 46·1 1·7 6·4 2·7 20·7 32·2 78·7 6·3 71·9 28·4 13·6 20·3 17·1 28·8 3·8 |
| expense | _ | 19.0 | 19.0 | _ | _ | _ |
| PROVINCE Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia | 0·4 6·7 | 9·7 0·6 10·2 10·6 164·9 318·9 8·7 6·2 31·8 67·4 | 15·1 1·0 16·9 13·7 230·9 477·2 11·8 9·7 75·2 121·1 | 0.9 0.2 7.0 1.1 25.5 43.6 3.4 1.4 4.1 8.0 | 8·5 0·2 8·1 8·5 103·9 179·5 9·4 2·8 7·1 35·5 | 9·4 0·4 15·1 9·6 129·4 223·1 12·8 4·2 11·2 43·5 |
| Totals, 1952 | 343 · 6 | 629 · 0 | 972 - 6 | 95 · 2 | 363 · 5 | 458.7 |
| Industrial Group Food and beverages Tobacco and tobacco products Rubber products Leather products Leather products (except clothing) Clothing (textile and fur) Wood products Paper products Printing, publishing and allied trades Iron and steel products Transportation equipment Non-ferrous metal products Electrical apparatus and supplies Non-metallic mineral products Products of petroleum and coal Chemicals and allied products Miscellaneous industries | 26.6 0.5 2.7 0.6 7.0 1.6 9.3 33.6 3.3 46.2 35.1 21.2 41.1 21.2 4.7 | 50·7 1·8 7·3 1·7 24·5 11·1 22·5 95·9 11·0 35·6 18·6 23·1 36·4 79·8 | 77.3 2.3 10.0 2.3 31.5 12.7 31.8 129.5 14.3 135.9 62.1 70.7 40.4 34.3 77.5 141.0 8.8 | 12.5 0.5 0.9 0.6 3.8 1.3 6.1 8.3 1.5 16.1 11.6 8.5 2.8 3.9 11.2 4.5 | 36·0 1·3 6·0 2·0 15·6 4·4 23·5 72·9 4·1 64·3 31·1 34·2 11·7 16·6 9·5 26·6 3·2 | 48.5 1.8 6.9 2.6 19.4 5.7 29.6 81.2 5.6 80.9 42.7 42.7 14.5 20.5 20.7 31.1 4.3 |
| Capital items charged to operating expense | | 90-2 | 90-2 | | | |

Subsection 3.—Size of Manufacturing Establishments

The size of a manufacturing establishment is generally measured either by the value of product or by the number of employees but each of these methods has its limitations. The former measure has to be adjusted for changes in the price level and, as between industries, it makes those in which the cost of raw materials is relatively high appear to operate on a larger scale. The latter takes no account